

$$\int a u \, dx$$

- Reference: CRC 1

- Rule:

$$\int a \, dx \rightarrow a x$$

- Program code:

```
Int[a_,x_Symbol] :=
  a*x /;
IndependentQ[a,x]
```

- Derivation: Power rule for integration

- Rule:

$$\int c (a + b x) \, dx \rightarrow \frac{c (a + b x)^2}{2 b}$$

- Program code:

```
Int[c_*(a_+b_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  c*(a+b*x)^2/(2*b) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c},x]
```

- Reference: G&R 2.02.1, CRC 2

- Derivation: Constant extraction

- Rule: If $n + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int c (a + b x)^n \, dx \rightarrow c \int (a + b x)^n \, dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[c_*(a_+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[c,Int[(a+b*x)^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n},x] && NonzeroQ[n+1]
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.02.1, CRC 2
- **Derivation:** Constant extraction
- **Rule:**

$$\int a u \, dx \rightarrow a \int u \, dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
If[ShowSteps,

Int[a_*u_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=ConstantFactor[u,x]},
    ShowStep["","Int[a*u,x]","a*Int[u,x]",Hold[
      Dist[a*lst[[1]],Int[lst[[2]],x]]]] /;
SimplifyFlag && FreeQ[a,x] && Not[MatchQ[u,b_*v_ /; FreeQ[b,x]]],

Int[a_*u_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=ConstantFactor[u,x]},
    Dist[a*lst[[1]],Int[lst[[2]],x]] /;
FreeQ[a,x] && Not[MatchQ[u,b_*v_ /; FreeQ[b,x]]]]
```

- **Derivation: Constant extraction**
- **Note: Constant factors in denominators are aggressively factored out to prevent them occurring unnecessarily in logarithm terms of antiderivatives!**
- **Rule:**

$$\int a u \, dx \rightarrow a \int u \, dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
If[ShowSteps,

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{lst=ConstantFactor[Simplify[Denominator[u]],x]},
ShowStep["","Int[a*u,x]","a*Int[u,x]",Hold[
Dist[1/lst[[1]],Int[Numerator[u]/lst[[2]],x]]] /;
lst[[1]]!=1] /;
SimplifyFlag && (
MatchQ[u,1/(a_+b_.*x) /; FreeQ[{a,b},x]] ||
MatchQ[u,x^m_./(a_+b_.*x^n_) /; FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m-n+1]] ||
MatchQ[u,1/((a_+b_.*x)*(c_+d_.*x)) /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x]] ||
MatchQ[u,(d_+e_.*x)/(a_+b_.*x+c_.*x^2) /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x]] ||
MatchQ[u,(c_*(a_+b_.*x)^n_)^m_ /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m*n+1]]),

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
Module[{lst=ConstantFactor[Simplify[Denominator[u]],x]},
Dist[1/lst[[1]],Int[Numerator[u]/lst[[2]],x]] /;
lst[[1]]!=1] /;
MatchQ[u,1/(a_+b_.*x) /; FreeQ[{a,b},x]] ||
MatchQ[u,x^m_./(a_+b_.*x^n_) /; FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m-n+1]] ||
MatchQ[u,1/((a_+b_.*x)*(c_+d_.*x)) /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x]] ||
MatchQ[u,(d_+e_.*x)/(a_+b_.*x+c_.*x^2) /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x]] ||
MatchQ[u,(c_*(a_+b_.*x)^n_)^m_ /; FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m*n+1]]]
```

- **Derivation: Constant extraction**

- **Note:** Constant factors in denominators are aggressively factored out to prevent them occurring unnecessarily in logarithm terms of antiderivatives!

- **Rule:**

$$\int a u \, dx \rightarrow a \int u \, dx$$

- **Program code:**

```

If[ShowSteps,

Int[u_/v_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=ConstantFactor[v,x]},
    ShowStep["","Int[a*u,x]","a*Int[u,x]",Hold[
      Dist[1/lst[[1]],Int[u/lst[[2]],x]]] /;
    lst[[1]]!=1] /;
SimplifyFlag && Not[FalseQ[DerivativeDivides[v,u,x]]],

Int[u_/v_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=ConstantFactor[v,x]},
    Dist[1/lst[[1]],Int[u/lst[[2]],x]] /;
    lst[[1]]!=1] /;
Not[FalseQ[DerivativeDivides[v,u,x]]]

```

- **Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction**

- **Basis:** $\partial_x \frac{f[x]^m}{(-f[x])^n} = 0$

- **Rule:** If $m + n = 0 \wedge v + w = 0$

$$\int u v^m w^n \, dx \rightarrow v^m w^n \int u \, dx$$

- **Program code:**

```

Int[u_.*v_^m_*w_^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (v^m*w^n)*Int[u,x] /;
FreeQ[{m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m+n] && ZeroQ[v+w]

```

■ **Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction**

■ **Basis:** $\partial_x \frac{(a+bx^m)^p}{x^{m p} \left(-b-\frac{a}{x^m}\right)^p} = 0$

■ **Rule:** If $a + d = 0 \wedge b + c = 0 \wedge m + n = 0 \wedge p + q = 0$

$$\int u (a + b x^m)^p (c + d x^n)^q dx \rightarrow \frac{(a + b x^m)^p (c + d x^n)^q}{x^{m p}} \int u x^{m p} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[u_.*(a_+b_.*x_^m_.)^p_.*(c_+d_.*x_^n_.)^q_., x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*x^m)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x^(m*p)*Int[u*x^(m*p),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n,p,q},x] && ZeroQ[a+d] && ZeroQ[b+c] && ZeroQ[m+n] && ZeroQ[p+q]
```

$$\int (a + b x)^n dx$$

- **Reference:** G&R 2.01.2, CRC 27, A&S 3.3.15

- **Derivation:** Reciprocal rule for integration

- **Rule:**

$$\int \frac{1}{-a + b x} dx \rightarrow \frac{\text{Log}[a - b x]}{b}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[1/(a_+b_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  Log[-a-b*x]/b /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && NegativeCoefficientQ[a]
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.01.2, CRC 27, A&S 3.3.15

- **Derivation:** Reciprocal rule for integration

- **Rule:**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b x} dx \rightarrow \frac{\text{Log}[a + b x]}{b}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[1/(a_+b_.*x_),x_Symbol] :=
  Log[a+b*x]/b /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x]
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.01.1, CRC 7

- **Derivation:** Power rule for integration

- **Rule:** If $n + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int x^n dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  x^(n+1)/(n+1) /;
IndependentQ[n,x] && NonzeroQ[n+1]
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.01.1, CRC 23, A&S 3.3.14
- **Derivation:** Power rule for integration
- **Rule:** If $n + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(a + b x)^{n+1}}{b (n + 1)}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int [ (a_.+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=  
  (a+b*x)^(n+1)/(b*(n+1)) /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && NonzeroQ[n+1]
```

$$\int a x^m + b x^n + \dots dx$$

- Reference: CRC 1,2,4,7,9

- Rule:

$$\int a + b x + c x^2 + \dots dx \rightarrow a x + \frac{b x^2}{2} + \frac{c x^3}{3} + \dots$$

- Program code:

```
If[ShowSteps,

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
  If[PolynomialQ[u,x],
    ShowStep["",Int[a+b*x+c*x^2+...,x],"a*x+b*x^2/2+c*x^3/3+...",Hold[
      IntegrateMonomialSum[u,x]]],
    ShowStep["",Int[a+b/x+c*x^m+...,x],"a*x+b*Log[x]+c*x^(m+1)/(m+1)+...",Hold[
      IntegrateMonomialSum[u,x]]] /;
SimplifyFlag && MonomialSumQ[u,x],

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
  IntegrateMonomialSum[u,x] /;
MonomialSumQ[u,x]]
```

- Reference: G&R 2.02.2, CRC 2,4

- Rule:

$$\int a u + b v + \dots dx \rightarrow a \int u dx + b \int v dx + \dots$$

- Program code:

```
If[ShowSteps,

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=SplitMonomialTerms[u,x]},
    ShowStep["",Int[a*u+b*v+...,x],"a*Int[u,x]+b*Int[v,x]+...",Hold[
      Int[lst[[1]],x] + SplitFreeIntegrate[lst[[2]],x]] /;
    SumQ[lst[[1]]] && Not[FreeQ[lst[[1]],x]] && lst[[2]]!=0 /;
SimplifyFlag && SumQ[u],

Int[u_,x_Symbol] :=
  Module[{lst=SplitMonomialTerms[u,x]},
    Int[lst[[1]],x] + SplitFreeIntegrate[lst[[2]],x] /;
    SumQ[lst[[1]]] && Not[FreeQ[lst[[1]],x]] && lst[[2]]!=0 /;
SumQ[u]]
```


- **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**
- **Basis:** $z(u + v + \dots) = z u + z v + \dots$
- **Rule:** If $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int x^m (u + v + \dots) dx \rightarrow \int x^m u + x^m v + \dots dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
If[ShowSteps,

Int[x_^m_.*u_,x_Symbol] :=
  ShowStep["", "Int[x^m*(u+v+...),x]", "Int[x^m*u+x^m*v+...,x]", Hold[
    Int[Map[Function[x^m*#], u], x]] /;
SimplifyFlag && IntegerQ[m] && SumQ[u],

Int[x_^m_.*u_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[Map[Function[x^m*#], u], x] /;
IntegerQ[m] && SumQ[u]]
```

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b x^n)} dx$$

- **Derivation:** Integration by substitution

- **Basis:** If $u = 1 + \frac{2bx^n}{a}$, then $\frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} = -\frac{2}{an} \frac{1}{1-u^2} \partial_x u$

- **Rule:** If $n > 0 \wedge a \in \mathbb{Q}$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b x^n)} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2}{an} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[1 + \frac{2bx^n}{a}\right]$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[1/(x*(a_+b_.*x_^n_.)),x_Symbol] :=
  -2*ArcTanh[1+2*b*x^n/a]/(a*n) /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && PosQ[n] && (RationalQ[a] || RationalQ[b/a])
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.118.1, CRC 84

- **Derivation:** Algebraic expansion and reciprocal rule for integration

- **Basis:** $\frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} = \frac{1}{ax} - \frac{bx^{n-1}}{a(a+bx^n)}$

- **Rule:** If $n > 0 \wedge \neg (a \in \mathbb{Q})$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b x^n)} dx \rightarrow \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[a + b x^n]}{an}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[1/(x*(a_+b_.*x_^n_.)),x_Symbol] :=
  Log[x]/a - Log[a+b*x^n]/(a*n) /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && PosQ[n] && Not[RationalQ[a] || RationalQ[b/a]]
```

■ **Derivation: Reciprocal rule for integration**

■ **Basis:** $\frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} = \frac{1}{x^{n+1}\left(b+\frac{a}{x^n}\right)}$

■ **Rule:** If $n > 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx \rightarrow -\frac{\text{Log}[b+ax^{-n}]}{an}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[1/(x*(a_+b_.*x_^n_)),x_Symbol] :=
  -Log[b+a*x^(-n)]/(a*n) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x] && NegQ[n]
```

■ **Derivation: Algebraic simplification**

■ **Basis:** $ax+bx^n = x(a+bx^{n-1})$

■ **Rule:**

$$\int \frac{1}{ax+bx^n} dx \rightarrow \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{n-1})} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[1/(a_.*x_+b_.*x_^n_),x_Symbol] :=
  Int[1/(x*(a+b*x^(n-1))),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,n},x]
```

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n dx$$

- **Reference:** G&R 2.110.2, CRC 26b special case with $m + n + 2 = 0$

- **Rule:** If $m + n + 2 = 0 \wedge n + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{x^{m+1} (a + b x)^{n+1}}{a (n+1)}$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -x^(m+1)*(a+b*x)^(n+1)/(a*(n+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m+n+2] && NonzeroQ[n+1]
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.110.2, CRC 26b

- **Derivation:** Integration by parts

- **Basis:** $x^m (a + b x)^n = x^{m+n+2} \frac{(a+b x)^n}{x^{n+2}}$

- **Rule:** If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 < m < -n - 2 \wedge 2m + n + 1 > 0$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{x^{m+1} (a + b x)^{n+1}}{a (n+1)} + \frac{m+n+2}{a (n+1)} \int x^m (a + b x)^{n+1} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -x^(m+1)*(a+b*x)^(n+1)/(a*(n+1)) +
  Dist[(m+n+2)/(a*(n+1)),Int[x^m*(a+b*x)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && 0<m<-n-2 && 2*m+n+1>0
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.110.1, CRC 26a
- **Derivation:** Inverted integration by parts
- **Rule:** If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 < n < m/2$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{m+1} (a + b x)^n}{m + n + 1} + \frac{a n}{m + n + 1} \int x^m (a + b x)^{n-1} dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^m_*(a_.+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  x^(m+1)*(a+b*x)^n/(m+n+1) +
  Dist[a*n/(m+n+1),Int[x^m*(a+b*x)^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && 0<n<m/2
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.110.6, CRC 88c
- **Derivation:** Integration by parts
- **Basis:** $x^m (a + b x)^n = \frac{x^m}{(a + b x)^{m+2}} (a + b x)^{m+n+2}$
- **Rule:** If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 < n < -m - 2 \wedge m + 2n - 1 > 0$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{m+1} (a + b x)^{n+1}}{a (m + 1)} - \frac{b (m + n + 2)}{a (m + 1)} \int x^{m+1} (a + b x)^n dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^m_*(a_.+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  x^(m+1)*(a+b*x)^(n+1)/(a*(m+1)) -
  Dist[b*(m+n+2)/(a*(m+1)),Int[x^(m+1)*(a+b*x)^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && 0<n<-m-2 && m+2*n-1>0
```

- **Reference:** G&R 2.110.5, CRC 26c
- **Derivation:** Inverted integration by parts
- **Rule:** If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 < m < n/2$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{x^m (a + b x)^{n+1}}{b (m + n + 1)} - \frac{a m}{b (m + n + 1)} \int x^{m-1} (a + b x)^n dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^m_*(a_.+b_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  x^m*(a+b*x)^(n+1)/(b*(m+n+1)) -
  Dist[a*m/(b*(m+n+1)),Int[x^(m-1)*(a+b*x)^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && 0<m<n/2
```

$$\int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n dx$$

■ **Derivation: Algebraic simplification**

■ **Basis:** If $b c + a d = 0$, then $(a + b x) (c + d x) = a c + b d x^2$

■ **Rule:** If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c + a d = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^n dx \rightarrow \int (a c + b d x^2)^n dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_)^n_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(a*c+b*d*x^2)^n,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IntegerQ[n] && ZeroQ[b*c+a*d]
```

■ **Derivation: Algebraic simplification**

■ **Basis:** If $b c - a d = 0$ and $n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n = \left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^n (a + b x)^{m+n}$

■ **Rule:** If $b c - a d = 0 \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z}$, then

$$\int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n dx \rightarrow \left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^n \int (a + b x)^{m+n} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_)^m_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Dist[(d/b)^n,Int[(a+b*x)^(m+n),x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && ZeroQ[b*c-a*d] && IntegerQ[n] &&
  (Not[IntegerQ[m]] || LeafCount[a+b*x]<=LeafCount[c+d*x])
```

- Derivation: Integration by substitution

- Basis:** If $u = \frac{b c + a d}{b c - a d} + \frac{2 b d x}{b c - a d}$, then $\frac{1}{(a + b x) (c + d x)} = -\frac{2}{b c - a d} \frac{1}{1 - u^2} \partial_x u$

- Note:** If $b c - a d \notin \mathbb{Q}$, partial fraction expansion produces two nicer looking log terms.

- Rule:** If $b c - a d \in \mathbb{Q} \wedge b c - a d \neq 0$, then

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b x) (c + d x)} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2}{b c - a d} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b c + a d}{b c - a d} + \frac{2 b d x}{b c - a d}\right]$$

- Program code:

```
Int[1/((a_+b_.*x_)*(c_+d_.*x_)),x_Symbol] :=
  -2*ArcTanh[(b*c+a*d)/(b*c-a*d) + 2*b*d*x/(b*c-a*d)]/(b*c-a*d) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && RationalQ[b*c-a*d] && b*c-a*d!=0
```

- Reference:** G&R 2.155, CRC 59a special case when $m + n + 2 = 0$

- Rule:** If $m + n + 2 = 0 \wedge b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge n + 1 \neq 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^{n+1}}{(n+1) (b c - a d)}$$

- Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_)^m_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(a+b*x)^(m+1)*(c+d*x)^(n+1)/((n+1)*(b*c-a*d)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n},x] && ZeroQ[m+n+2] && NonzeroQ[b*c-a*d] && NonzeroQ[n+1]
```

- Reference:** G&R 2.155, CRC 59a

- Derivation: Integration by parts

- Basis:** $(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n = (a + b x)^{m+n+2} \frac{(c + d x)^n}{(a + b x)^{n+2}}$

- Rule:** If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c - a d \neq 0 \wedge 0 < m < -n - 2 \wedge 2 m + n + 1 > 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n dx \rightarrow -\frac{(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^{n+1}}{(n+1) (b c - a d)} + \frac{b (m + n + 2)}{(n+1) (b c - a d)} \int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^{n+1} dx$$

- Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_)^m_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  -(a+b*x)^(m+1)*(c+d*x)^(n+1)/((n+1)*(b*c-a*d)) +
  Dist[b*(m+n+2)/((n+1)*(b*c-a*d)),Int[(a+b*x)^m*(c+d*x)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && NonzeroQ[b*c-a*d] && 0<m<-n-2 && 2*m+n+1>0
```

■ **Reference:** G&R 2.151, CRC 59b

■ **Derivation:** Inverted integration by parts

■ **Rule:** If $m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge bc - ad \neq 0 \wedge 0 < n \leq m$, then

$$\int (a + bx)^m (c + dx)^n dx \rightarrow \frac{(a + bx)^{m+1} (c + dx)^n}{b(m+n+1)} + \frac{n(bc - ad)}{b(m+n+1)} \int (a + bx)^m (c + dx)^{n-1} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(a_+b_.*x_)^m_*(c_+d_.*x_)^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*x)^(m+1)*(c+d*x)^n/(b*(m+n+1)) +
  Dist[n*(b*c-a*d)/(b*(m+n+1)),Int[(a+b*x)^m*(c+d*x)^(n-1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d},x] && IntegersQ[m,n] && NonzeroQ[b*c-a*d] && 0<n<=m
```


$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p dx$$

■ **Derivation: Algebraic simplification**

■ **Basis:** If $b c + a d = 0$, $(a + b x) (c + d x) = a c + b d x^2$

■ **Rule:** If $n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c + a d = 0$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^n dx \rightarrow \int x^m (a c + b d x^2)^n dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[x^m.*(a+b.*x_)^n.*(c+d.*x_)^n.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[x^m*(a*c+b*d*x^2)^n,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m},x] && IntegerQ[n] && ZeroQ[b*c+a*d]
```

■ **Derivation: Integration by substitution**

■ **Basis:** $\partial_x (x (a + b x^n)^{p+1}) = (a + b x^n)^p (a + b (n (p + 1) + 1) x^n)$

■ **Rule:** If $a d - b c (n (p + 1) + 1) = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n) dx \rightarrow \frac{c x (a + b x^n)^{p+1}}{a}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(a+b.*x_^n_)^p.*(c+d.*x_^n_), x_Symbol] :=
  c*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && ZeroQ[a*d-b*c*(n*(p+1)+1)]
```

■ **Derivation: Integration by substitution**

■ **Basis:** $\partial_x (x^{m+1} (a + b x^n)^{p+1}) = x^m (a + b x^n)^p (a (m + 1) + b (m + n (p + 1) + 1) x^n)$

■ **Rule:** If $m + 1 \neq 0 \wedge a d (m + 1) - b c (m + n (p + 1) + 1) = 0$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n) dx \rightarrow \frac{c x^{m+1} (a + b x^n)^{p+1}}{a (m + 1)}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[x^m.*(a+b.*x_^n_)^p.*(c+d.*x_^n_), x_Symbol] :=
  c*x^(m+1)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*(m+1)) /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n,p},x] && NonzeroQ[m+1] && ZeroQ[a*d*(m+1)-b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1)]
```

■ **Derivation: Integration by substitution**

■ **Basis:** $\partial_x \left(x^{m+1} (a + b x^n)^{p+1} \right) = x^m (a + b x^n)^p (a (m+1) + b (m+n(p+1)+1) x^n)$

■ **Rule:** If $m+q+1 \neq 0 \wedge a d (m+q+1) - b c (m+q+n(p+1)+1) = 0$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p (c x^q + d x^{n+q}) dx \rightarrow \frac{c x^{m+q+1} (a + b x^n)^{p+1}}{a (m+q+1)}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int [x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*x_^n_.)^p_.*(c_.*x_^q_+d_.*x_^r_.), x_Symbol] :=
  c*x^(m+q+1)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*(m+q+1)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n,p,q,r},x] && ZeroQ[r-n-q] && NonzeroQ[m+q+1] &&
  ZeroQ[a*d*(m+q+1)-b*c*(m+q+n*(p+1)+1)]
```

■ **Rule:** If $m+n+2 \neq 0 \wedge f (b c (m+1) + a d (n+1)) - b d e (m+n+2) = 0$, then

$$\int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n (e + f x) dx \rightarrow \frac{f (a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^{n+1}}{b d (m+n+2)}$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int [(a_+b_.*x_)^m_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^n_.*(e_+f_.*x_), x_Symbol] :=
  f*(a+b*x)^(m+1)*(c+d*x)^(n+1)/(b*d*(m+n+2)) /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n},x] && NonzeroQ[m+n+2] && ZeroQ[f*(b*c*(m+1)+a*d*(n+1))-b*d*e*(m+n+2)]
```

■ **Rule:** If $n, p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 < n \leq 2 \wedge p > 5$, then

$$\int x (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{(a + b x)^{n+1} (c + d x)^{p+1}}{b d (2+n+p)} - \frac{b c (n+1) + a d (p+1)}{b d (2+n+p)} \int (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int [x_*(a_+b_.*x_)^n_.*(c_+d_.*x_)^p_., x_Symbol] :=
  (a+b*x)^(n+1)*(c+d*x)^(p+1)/(b*d*(2+n+p)) -
  Dist [(b*c*(n+1)+a*d*(p+1))/(b*d*(2+n+p)), Int [(a+b*x)^n*(c+d*x)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && IntegersQ[n,p] && 0<n<=2 && p>5
```

- **Rule:** If $m, n, p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge 0 < m \leq 2 \wedge 0 < n \leq 2 \wedge p > 5$, then

$$\int x^m (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{x^{m-1} (a + b x)^{n+1} (c + d x)^{p+1}}{b d (1 + m + n + p)} - \frac{a c (m - 1)}{b d (1 + m + n + p)} \int x^{m-2} (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p dx - \frac{b c (m + n) + a d (m + p)}{b d (1 + m + n + p)} \int x^{m-1} (a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p dx$$

- **Program code:**

```
Int[x_^m*(a_+b_*x_)^n.*(c_+d_*x_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  x^(m-1)*(a+b*x)^(n+1)*(c+d*x)^(p+1)/(b*d*(1+m+n+p)) -
  Dist[a*c*(m-1)/(b*d*(1+m+n+p)), Int[x^(m-2)*(a+b*x)^n*(c+d*x)^p, x]] -
  Dist[(b*c*(m+n)+a*d*(m+p))/(b*d*(1+m+n+p)), Int[x^(m-1)*(a+b*x)^n*(c+d*x)^p, x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && IntegersQ[m,n,p] && 0<m<=2 && 0<n<=2 && p>5
```